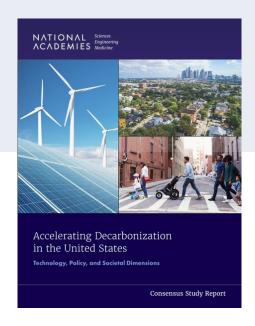


Consensus Study Report Policy Recommendations Table

Accelerating Decarbonization in the United States Policy, Technology, and Societal Dimensions

Decarbonization is essential and possible, and it offers a host of benefits—from better public health to improved economic opportunity. The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine have released a comprehensive report with sector-by-sector recommendations to guide policymakers on decarbonizing the U.S. economy over the next decade and beyond.

The report makes 84 total recommendations—across technology, policy, and societal dimensions. **Table S-1** below summarizes the policies recommended in the report and details how they address specific sectors, objectives, and overarching categories. Explore the full text for each recommendation by downloading the report at nationalacademies.org/decarbonization-report.



Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
1-1: Enact Two Federal Policies Recommended in the First Report: National Greenhouse Gas Emissions Budget and Economy- Wide Carbon Tax.	Congress, Treasury Department, EPA	 Electricity Buildings Land use Transportation Industry Finance Fossil fuels 	• GHG reductions	A Broadened Policy Portfolio

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
1-2: Leverage the Evidence Act to Execute Data Collection and Evaluation on Decarbonization Investments and Programs	Congress and Office of Management and Budget	 Electricity Buildings Land use Transportation Industry Finance Fossil fuels 	GHG reductionsEquityHealthEmploymentPublic engagement	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
1-3: Identify and Provide Resources for a Central Entity to Provide Timely, Public-Facing Information on the Nation's Progress Toward Decarbonization	Congress and single other agency (e.g., Energy Information Administration, Global Change Research Program, OMB)	 Electricity Buildings Land use Transportation Industry Finance Fossil fuels 	GHG reductionsEquityHealthEmploymentPublic engagement	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
2-1: Develop a Core Set of Metrics for Disadvantaged Communities for Program Design and Evaluation	Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ)		• Equity	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
2-2: Codify the Justice40 Initiative	Congress	BuildingsTransportation	 Equity Health Employment	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
				Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs
				Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
				Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
2-3: Implement Federal Legislation for Equitable Outcomes	Federal policymakers	• Non-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquity	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting
				Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
2-4: Build Multi-level Capacity to Support Community-led Transitions	Congress, National Transition Corporation, Environmental Protection Agency and Department of Energy, state legislatures	• Non-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityHealthEmployment	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs
			Public engagement	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
				Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
2-5: Develop Equitable Technical Assistance Guidelines	Federal Interagency Thriving Communities Network, White House Environmental Justice Advisory Committee	• Non-federal actors	EquityPublic engagement	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
2-6: Evaluate the Equity Impacts of the Just Transition	Omnibus entity, White House Environmental Justice Advisory Council		 Equity Transparency Health Employment	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
3-1: Phase Out Incentives for the Highest Greenhouse Gas Emitting Animal Protein Sources	Congress and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)	• Land use	• Health	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
3-2: Increase Use of Health Impact Assessment Tools in Energy Project Decision-Making	Congress, Center for Disease Control (CDC) National Center for Environmental Health / Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (NCEH/ATSDR) and the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Office of Climate Change and Health Equity	ElectricityBuildingsTransportationIndustryFossil fuels	EquityHealth	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
3-3: Assess Occupational Health Risks Associated with Clean Energy Technologies	Center for Disease Control (CDC) National Center for Environmental Health / Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (NCEH/ATSDR) and Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)	ElectricityBuildingsTransportationIndustryFossil fuels	 Equity Health Employment	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
4-1: Support the Development of Net-Zero Curriculum and Skill Development Programs for K—-12 Students	U.S. Department of Education, local governments, and school districts	ElectricityBuildingsTransportationIndustryNon-federal actors	 Equity Employment Public engagement	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
4-2: Invest in Linking People from Disadvantaged Communities to Quality Jobs	Congress	ElectricityBuildingsTransportationIndustryNon-federal actors	EquityEmployment	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
4-3: Extend Unemployment Insurance Duration for Fossil-Fuel-Related Layoffs and Develop Decarbonization Workforce Adjustment Assistance Program	Congress	TransportationFossil fuels	 Equity Employment Public engagement	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
4-4: Collect and Report Data on Net-Zero-Relevant Professions	U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)	 Electricity Buildings Transportation Industry Non-federal actors	 Equity Employment	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
5-1: Encourage Prospective, Inclusive Dialogue at National and Regional Levels	The National Climate Task Force (NCTF), DOE, and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)	 Electricity Fossil fuels Non-federal actors	 Equity Employment Public engagement	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
5-2: Accelerate the Development, Implementation, Assessment, and Sharing of Energy System Policy and Approaches that Deliver Local Benefits	Subnational government staff, elected officials, and their representative coalitions, federal partners	ElectricityNon-federal actors	EquityPublic engagement	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
5-3: Fix Policy Gaps that Limit Role of Public Land in Decarbonization	Congress and state legislatures	 Electricity Non-federal actors Land use	EquityPublic engagement	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs
				Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission
5-4: Address Barriers to Local Benefits from Renewable Energy Facilities	State legislatures	Non-federal actors	 Equity Public engagement	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
				Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
				Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs
5-5 : Convene a National Working Group on Siting Processes Innovation with Input from State	DOE, CEQ, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), National Association	Non-federal actorsElectricity	 Equity Public engagement	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
Energy Officials	of Regulatory Utility Commissioners, and National Association of State Energy Officials (NASEO)			Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs
				Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
5-6: Mandate and Allocate Resources for National Assessment on the Public Engagement Workforce and Gaps	Congress, DOE, NCTF	 Electricity Non-federal actors	 Equity Employment Public engagement	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs
				Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission
				Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
5-7: Develop Collaborative Regional Renewable Energy	Civil society leaders and philanthropic organizations	 Electricity Buildings	 Equity Employment	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
Deployment Plans		Land useNon-federal actors	Public engagement	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs
				Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission
5-8: Address the Priorities of Native American and	Congress, and federal agencies involved in	• Electricity	 Equity Public engagement	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
Environmental Justice Communities	renewable energy and transmission deployment leads, and federal program designers		0 0	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
				Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
5-9: Invest in and Integrate Social Science Research into Transition Decision-Making	DOE, U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), U.S. Department of Defense (DoD), EPA, and National Science Foundation (NSF)	Non-federal actors	 Equity Employment Public engagement	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs
5-10: Establish an Energy Systems Education Network	DOE and Department of Education	 Electricity Buildings Land use Transportation Industry Finance Fossil fuels 	Public engagement	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
6-1: Adopt National Policy to Limit Power Sector Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Congress	• Electricity	GHG reductionsHealth	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
6-2: Support the Expansion of the Transmission Grid	FERC, DOE, states, transmission companies, public stakeholders, and the U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI)	 Electricity Non-federal actors	GHG reductionsHealthPublic engagement	Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission
6-3: Expand Regional Power Markets Consistent with Decarbonization Objectives	Congress, FERC, RTOs	 Electricity Non-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityHealth	Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission

Short-Form Recommendation 6-4: Provide Rate Options to	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation Decision makers on utility	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
Encourage Flexible Demand While Ensuring Affordable Electricity	rates (i.e., state utility regulators for jurisdictional investor-owned utilities and boards of cooperatives, municipal electric utilities, and other publicly owned utilities)	ElectricityNon-federal actors	• Equity	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission
6-5: Support Equitable Deployment of Distributed Energy Resources	States, localities, and Tribal governments	 Electricity Non-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityHealthPublic engagement	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission
6-6: Support Planning, Public Participation, and Investment in Modernizing Local Grids	Decision makers on utility service provision (i.e., state utility regulators for jurisdictional investor- owned utilities and boards of cooperatives, municipal electric utilities, and other publicly owned utilities)	 Electricity Non-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityHealthPublic engagement	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission
6-7: Invest in Research, Development, and Demonstration of On-Demand Electric Generating Technologies and Long-Duration Storage Technologies	Congress	• Electricity	GHG reductionsEquity	Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
7-1: Ensure Clarity and Consistency for the Implementation of Building Decarbonization Policies	DOE	• Buildings	GHG reductionsEquityPublic Engagement	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Tightened Targets for the
				Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
7-2: Promote an Equitable Focus Across Decarbonization Policies	DOE	BuildingsNon-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityPublic Engagement	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
7-3: Expand and Evaluate the Weatherization Assistance Program	DOE	• Buildings	GHG reductionsEquityHealth	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
7-4: Coordinate Government Agencies to Align Decarbonization Policies and Implementation	State and municipal government offices	BuildingsNon-federal actors	 Equity Employment	Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
				Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
7-5: Build Capacity for States and Municipalities to Adopt and Enforce Increased Regulatory	Congress	BuildingsNon-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquity	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
Rigor for Buildings and Equipment			Health Employment	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
				Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
				Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
7-6: Increase Research, Development, Demonstration, and Deployment for Built Environment Decarbonization	Congress	BuildingsNon-federal actors	 Equity Health Employment	Siting and Permitting Reforms for Interstate Transmission
Environment Decarbonization Interventions			Public engagement	Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs
7-7: Extend Current Decarbonization Incentives	Congress	• Buildings	GHG reductionsEquity	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
Beyond the Next Decade While Scaling Up Mandates			HealthEmployment	Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
8-1: Convene an Expert Group to Recommend Ways to Measure Forest Sinks	Secretary of Agriculture	• Land use	GHG reductions	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
8-2: Prioritize Ecosystem-Level Carbon Storage	Secretary of Agriculture	• Land use	GHG reductions	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
8-3: Establish a Permanent, National-Scale, High-Quality Soil Monitoring Network	USDA	• Land use	• GHG reductions	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
8-4: Build Out Long-Term Agricultural Field Experiments	USDA	Land useNon-federal actors	GHG reductions	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs
8-5: Fund Research to Quantify Indicators That Influence Adoption of Regenerative Agriculture Practices	USDA	• Land use	GHG reductionsEquityPublic engagement	Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs
8-6: Incentivize the Abatement of CH ₄ and N ₂ O Emissions and Improve Soil Carbon Sequestration	USDA	• Land use	GHG reductionsEquity	A Broadened Policy Portfolio
8-7: Release a Comprehensive Research, Development, and Deployment Program for Biomass Energy with Carbon Capture and Storage	DOE	• Land use	• GHG reductions	Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs
8-8: Convene an Expert Group to Recommend Policies That Could Encourage Sustainable Diets	Secretary of Agriculture	• Land use	GHG reductionsHealth	A Broadened Policy Portfolio

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
9-1: Accelerate the Adoption of Battery Electric Vehicles	Federal, state, and local governments	TransportationFinanceNon-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityHealthPublic engagement	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
9-2: Promote Vehicle Electrification at Ports and Airports	Ports and airports and their state and local government owners	TransportationNon-federal actors	GHG reductionsHealth	Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
9-3: Pursue Cost-Effective Efficiency Improvements to Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Private companies and state and local governments	BuildingsTransportationFossil fuelsNon-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityHealth	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
9-4: Pursue Infrastructure Design, Standards, Specifications, and Procedures That Effectively Reduce Transportation Carbon Emissions	State DOTs, the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, the American Road and Transportation Builders Association, and other specialized transportation infrastructure materials and construction associations	TransportationIndustryNon-federal actors	GHG reductions	Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
9-5: Enhance Transportation Equity and Environmental Justice Through Programs, Planning, and Services	States and local governments	 Buildings Transportation Finance Non-federal actors 	 GHG reductions Equity Health Public engagement 	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial
9-6: Support Advances in Battery Design and Recycling, Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles, and	DOE and NSF	Land useTransportationIndustry	• GHG reductions	Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
Net-Zero Liquid Fuels		• industry		Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs
10-1: Develop and Enable Cost- Competitive Process and Waste Heat Solutions	DOE and industrial companies	BuildingsIndustry	• GHG reductions	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
10-2: Invest in Energy and Materials Efficiency and Industrial Electrification	Congress and DOE	 Buildings Industry Finance Non-federal actors Transportation 	GHG reductions	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs
10-3: Spur Innovation to Achieve Price-Performance Parity for Low-Carbon Solutions	Congress, DOE, NGOs, industry associations (e.g., American Chemistry Council [ACC], American Iron and Steel Association [AISA], Portland Cement Association [PCA], National Association of Manufacturers [NAM], and others), and industry	IndustryFinanceNon-federal actors	• GHG reductions	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
10-4: Pursue Technologies that Reduce Both Greenhouse Gas and Air Pollution Emissions	DOE, NGOs, industry, industry associations, (e.g., ACC, AISA, PCA, NAM, and others), and engineering companies	IndustryNon-federal actors	GHG reductionsHealth	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
10-5: Use Mass-Based Rather Than Concentration-Based NO _x Standards	Regulatory and permitting organizations	IndustryElectricityTransportation	GHG reductionsHealth	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
10-6: Develop and Standardize Life-Cycle Assessment Approaches for Carbon Intensity of Industrial Products.	DOE, EPA, National Institutes of Standards and Technology (NIST), and other relevant agencies	 Industry Buildings Transportation Non-federal actors 	• GHG Reductions	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector Research, Development, and Demonstration Needs
10-7: Establish a Program Connecting Market-Pull Approaches to the Deployment of Low-Carbon Technologies	Congress, DOE, U.S. Department of Commerce (DOC), General Services Administration (GSA), DoD, and DOT	 Buildings Transportation Industry Non-federal actors Finance 	• GHG reductions	A Broadened Policy Portfilio Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
10-8: Develop Effective Workforce Development Programs for Industry	Congress, DOE, labor associations, NGOs, industry leaders, and academia	IndustryNon-federal actors	• Employment	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
10-9: Implement a Product- Based Tradeable Performance Standard for Domestic Manufacturing and Foreign Trade	Congress, DOE, DOC, and EPA	IndustryFinance	GHG reductions	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Tightened Targets for the Buildings and Industrial Sectors and a Backstop for the Transport Sector
11-1: Expand and Extend Funding and Financing Assistance for Actions Benefiting Low-Income and Disadvantaged Households and Communities	Congress and EPA	BuildingsTransportationFinanceNon-federal actors	• Equity	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Reforming Financial Markets
11-2: Disclose Equity Indicators for Federal Funding of Clean Energy	OMB	ElectricityBuildingsTransportationFinanceNon-federal actors	• Equity	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Reforming Financial Markets
11-3: Address Limited Access Faced by Low-Income and Marginalized Households	Treasury Advisory Group on Racial Equity	• Finance	• Equity	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Reforming Financial Markets

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
11-4: Fill Gaps in Federal Financial Risk Data and Information Collection Rules	Federal agency decision makers that are members of the Financial Stability Oversight Council (FSOC)	• Finance		Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
	Oversight Council (F3OC)			Reforming Financial Markets
11-5: Strengthen Climate Disclosure Rules and Standardize Data and Methods	U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)	FinanceNon-federal actors	GHG reductions	Rigorous and Transparent Analysis and Reporting for Adaptive Management
				Reforming Financial Markets
11-6: Implement FSOC Recommendations to Ensure the Stability of U.S. Financial Markets	FSOC members and the Federal Reserve	• Finance		Reforming Financial Markets
12-1: Authorize and Provide Appropriations for State Transition Offices to Address Coal, Oil, and Natural Gas Community Transitions	Congress and state transition offices	Fossil fuelsNon-federal actors	EquityEmployment	Ensuring Procedural Equity in Planning and Siting New Infrastructure and Programs Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts
				Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity Managing the Future of the

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
12-2: Consider Whether Proposed Natural Gas Pipeline Projects are Needed, Incorporate GHG Emissions Impacts into NEPA Analyses, and Require the Use of Depreciation Periods for Pipeline Application Reviews	Congress and FERC	Fossil fuelsTransportation	• GHG reductions	A Broadened Policy Portfolio Managing the Future of the Fossil Fuel Sector
12-3: Require Utilities and Service Providers to Plan for the Transition	State regulators of natural gas distribution utilities and fossil-fuel supplier/service providers	 Electricity Buildings Transportation Industry Fossil fuels Non-federal actors 	GHG reductionsEquityHealthPublic engagement	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Managing the Future of the Fossil Fuel Sector
12-4: Consider Adoption of Moratoria on New Gas Lines in Previously Unserved Areas	States and communities	Fossil fuelsNon-federal actors	• GHG reductions	Managing the Future of the Fossil Fuel Sector
12-5: Modify the Design of Taxes on Gasoline, Diesel, and Petroleum Products	Congress and states	TransportationFossil fuelsNon-federal actors	GHG reductions	Managing the Future of the Fossil Fuel Sector
12-6: Require Recipients of Federal Funding to Provide Advance Notice of Facility Closures	Congress and recipients of federal agency funding	Fossil fuelsNon-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityEmploymentPublic engagement	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Managing the Future of the Fossil Fuel Sector
12-7: Fund the Decommissioning, Clean-up, and Just Transition for Communities Historically Dependent on Fossil Fuels	Congress, state legislatures, state agencies, and state regulators	FinanceFossil fuelsNon-federal actors	GHG reductionsEquityHealthPublic engagement	Ensuring Equity, Justice, Health, and Fairness of Impacts Managing the Future of the Fossil Fuel Sector

Short-Form Recommendation	Actor(s) Responsible for Implementing Recommendation	Sector(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Objective(s) Addressed by Recommendation	Overarching Categories Addressed by Recommendation
13-1: Establish an Ongoing Process to Integrate Feedback into Federal Application and Technical Assistance Processes	Executive Office of the President	Non-federal actors	 Equity Public engagement	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
13-2: Disburse Capacity- Building Funds for State, Local, and Community Recipients Flexibly and Speedily	Department of Energy, Environmental Protection Agency, Department of Transportation, Department of Agriculture, and other federal agencies	• Non-federal actors	 Equity Employment Public engagement	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
13-3: Designate an Official or Entity to Track Decarbonization Program Opportunities and Deadlines	Governors, mayors, and county officials; states, counties, and cities	ElectricityBuildingsTransportationIndustryNon-federal actors	 Equity Public engagement	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
13-4: Structure Competitive Opportunities as Noncompetitive Planning Grants Followed by Competitive Grants	Federal agencies	ElectricityBuildingsTransportationIndustryNon-federal actors	• Equity	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity
13-5: Continue and Expand Reliable and Flexible Funding to Subnational Governments	Congress and federal contracting officials	ElectricityBuildingsTransportationIndustryNon-federal actors	 Equity Employment Public engagement	Building the Needed Workforce and Capacity

FOR MORE INFORMATION

This Consensus Study Report Highlights was prepared by the National Academies' Board on Energy and Environmental Systems based on the report *Accelerating Decarbonization in the United States: Technology, Policy, and Societal Dimensions* (2023).

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Division on Engineering and Physical Sciences

NATIONAL Sciences Engineering Medicine

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